CLAIMS:

- 1. A thermal dye-transfer receiver element comprising:
- (a) a dye-receiving layer 1;
- (b) beneath layer 1, a microvoided layer 2 comprising, in a 5 continuous phase, a polylactic-acid-based material, wherein microvoids in the microvoided layer provide a void volume of at least 25% by volume, and wherein at least about half of the microvoids are formed from void initiating particles less than 1.5 micrometer in average diameter; and
 - (c) beneath layer 2, an optional support layer 3.

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- 2. The element of claim 1 wherein the particles are in the range of 0.1 to 1.0 micrometers in average diameter.
- 3. The element of claim 2 wherein the particles are in the range of about 0.2 to about 0.8 micrometers in average diameter.
 - 4. The sheet of claim 1 wherein the dye-receiving layer exhibits a 60 degree gloss of greater than 45.
- 5. The sheet of claim 4 wherein the dye-receiving layer exhibits a 60 degree gloss of greater than 55.
 - 6. The element of claim 1 wherein the microvoided layer is extruded or coextruded.

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- 7. The element of claim 1 wherein the microvoided layer is biaxially oriented.
- 8. The element of claim 1 wherein the polylactic-acid-based material is composed of at least 75% by weight of poly(L-lactic acid).

- 9. The element of claim 1 wherein the particles are inorganic and make up from about 25 to about 75 weight % of the total weight of the microvoided layer.
- 5 10. The element of claim 1 wherein the particles are inorganic and make up from about 10 to about 60 weight % of the total weight of the microvoided layer and are blended with other void initiators to make up at least 20 weight percent total void initiators.
- 11. The element of claim 1 wherein the particles are organic and comprise from about 10 to about 45 weight % of the total weight of the microvoided layer.
- 12. The element of claim 1 wherein said polylactic-acid-based material is a mixture of at least 90% poly(L-lactic acid) and at least 1% poly(D-lactic acid).
 - 13. The element of claim 9 wherein the inorganic particles are present in an amount between 35 to 65 weight percent.
 - 14. The element of claim 9 wherein the inorganic particles are selected from the group consisting of barium sulfate, calcium carbonate, zinc sulfide, zinc oxide, titanium dioxide, silica, alumina, and combinations thereof.
- The element of claim 14 wherein the inorganic particles have an average size of from 0.3 to 1.0 μm .
 - 16. The element of claim 1 wherein the microvoided layer is in a coextruded multi-layer film below the dye-receiving layer.

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- 17. The element of claim 16 wherein below the microvoided layer is a substrate layer that comprises a voided or non-voided polylactic-acid-based material and is adjacent to and integral with the microvoided layer.
- 18. The element of claim 1 wherein the continuous phase comprises additional polymers or blends of other polyesters.

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- 19. The element of claim 1 wherein the element further comprises the support layer, which support layer comprises paper.
- 20. The element of claim 1 wherein the support layer is present and comprises a polymer sheet.
- 21. The element of claim 1 wherein one or more subbing layers 15 are present between layers in the element.
 - 22. The element of claim 1 wherein the support layer is present and has a thickness of from 120 to 250 μ m thick and the microvoided layer is part of a composite coextruded film that is from 30 to 50 μ m thick.
 - 23. The element of claim 1 wherein the support layer is present and comprises a polyolefin backing layer located on a side of the support layer opposite to the microvoided layer.
- 24. The element of claim 1 wherein the microvoided layer is the upper microvoided layer of a composite film in which below the microvoided layer is a substrate core layer and below the substrate core layer is a lower second microvoided layer.
- 30 25. The element of claim 24 wherein the upper and lower microvoided layers consist of a same material and the substrate core layer is non-voided.

- 26. The element of claim 24 wherein the substrate core layer is comprised of a non-voided polylactic-acid-based material or a polylactic-acid-based material voided with non-crosslinked polymer particles.
- The element of claim 1 wherein the polylactic-acid-based material comprises additional polymers or blends of other polyesters.

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28. The element of claim 1 wherein the dye-receiving layer comprises a polyester material.

29. The element of claim 1 wherein the microvoided layer comprises, in a continuous phase, polylactic-acid-based material having dispersed therein a blend of inorganic and non-crosslinked polymer particles that are immiscible with the polylactic-acid-based material.

30. The element of claim 29 wherein the ratio of the volume of inorganic to the volume of the non-crosslinked polymer particles that are immiscible with the polylactic-acid-based material is from 4:1 to 1:4.

- 20 31. The element of claim 29 wherein the non-crosslinked polymer particles that are immiscible with the polylactic-acid-based material have an olefinic backbone.
- 32. The element of claim 1 wherein the thickness of the microvoided layer is from 20 to 150 micrometers.
 - 33. The element of claim 1 wherein the dye-receiving layer comprises a polymeric binder containing a polyester and/or polycarbonate.
- 34. A thermal-dye-transfer assemblage comprising a dye-donor element, and the element of claim 1.

- 35. A thermal dye transfer assemblage comprising a dye-donor element, and the dye-transfer receiver element of claim 1.
- 36. A method of forming an image comprising imagewisethermally transferring dyes onto the thermal dye-transfer receiver element of claim 1.